"The Bologna process will create a much more efficient and competitive European university market."

Dr. SANTIAGO INIGUEZ, DEAN OF INSTITUTO DE EMPRESA

"As the regional leader, Greece has the interest as well as the responsibility to take a **protagonist role** in the European integration of the region."

H.E. BORIS TADIC, PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SERBIA

"There are plenty of mechanisms to protect against abuse by broadband providers and whatever legislation is introduced ought to be clear and unambiguous so as to avoid unintended consequences."

PROF. DAVID FARBER, CARNEGIE MELLON UNIVERSITY

"A larger role in world affairs would require a **unified** European representation at major international organizations."

Dr. PAUL DEMARET, DEAN OF THE COLLEGE OF EUROPE

"Universities will compete to attract the best students and will have to fully exploit their resources to become the reference in their areas of **excellence**."

Dr. SANTIAGO INIGUEZ, DEAN OF INSTITUTO DE EMPRESA

"Accountability for War Crimes is individual rather than political."

"The [Western Balkan] region's reconstruction effort is mostly complete."

Dr. ORSALIA KALANTZOPOULOS, WORLD BANK

"Networking can play a significant role in promoting education and in bridging the gap between internet users and outsiders."

PROF. DAVID FARBER, CARNEGIE MELLON UNIVERSITY

"Continuous widening of the European Union puts strain on its institutional structure."

Dr. PAUL DEMARET, DEAN OF THE COLLEGE OF EUROPE

"Coffee houses emerged along with the urban bourgeoisie." PROF. CEMAL KAFADAR, HARVARD UNIVERSITY "Coffee houses represent the democratization of conspicuous hospitality."

PROF. CEMAL KAFADAR, HARVARD UNIVERSITY

"Leadership is an important variable for understanding processes of political change."

MR. SPYROS DRAENOS, WRITER





VISIONS

THE KOKKALIS FOUNDATION

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Kokkalis Fellowship Program at Harvard

PROFILES OF THE NEW 2006 KOKKALIS FELLOWS



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Recep Bildik - Turkey

A native of Istanbul, Turkey, Recep Bildik received a B.Sc. in Economics and a Ph.D. in Finance from Istanbul University, and a M.Sc. in Finance from the Business School of Istanbul University. Working for the Istanbul Stock Exchange (ISE) since 1992, where he currently serves as

Assistant Director, Dr. Bildik played a pivotal role in establishing the ISE's first computerized trading system. He teaches as an adjunct professor at the Graduate School of Business, Koc University, and was appointed as Associate Professor of Finance in 2005 by the Higher Education Council of Turkey. Dr. Bildik also published numerous papers on capital markets in both local and international journals, and was a visiting scholar from 2003-2004 at the Graduate School of Business, University of Chicago and the Finance Department of DePaul University. He is an active member of numerous professional boards and committees, including the editorial board of the "Istanbul Stock Exchange Review," the publication committee of the ISE, the American Finance Association and the European Financial Management Association, among many others, Dr. Bildik will enroll in the one-vear Mason Fellows/Mid-Career Master's in Public Administration program.



Penelopa Gjurcilova - FYROM A native of Skopie. FYROM.

Penelopa Gjurcilova holds a B.A. degree in International Relations and Diplomacy from the American

College of Switzerland, a Law degree from the Law School of the University Cyril and Methody in Skopie, a LLM degree from the University of Connecticut School of Law, and a Ph.D. from the Law Department of the European University Institute in Florence, Italy. Since 1995, she has served as a counselor at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the FYROM. In this capacity, she worked at the Department of USA, Canada, Australia and New Zealand and at the Multilateral Department of Human Rights, COE, UN and NGO issues. She is currently a counselor at the Permanent Mission of FYROM to the United Nations in New York. Prior to this post, Dr. Gjurcilova worked as an associate attorney at Peluso, Valentino and Iacobelli in New York. She is also co-founder and Vice-President of the Office of the Macedonian Women's Lobby. Throughout Dr. Giurcilova's professional career she has been actively involved in activities concerning the strengthening of the position and status of women in FYROM and in the region. Dr. Gjurcilova will enroll in the one-year Mason Fellows/Mid-Career Master's in Public Administration program.



Richard Danicic - Serbia

Raised in Belgrade, Serbia, Richard Danicic received his B.A. in International Business at Hawaii Pacific University. He became the first executive director of the American Chamber of Commerce in Serbia and Montenegro in January

2002, where he worked to improve the country's overall business environment for foreign investors and facilitated communication between the private sector and government - engaging with leading executives of multinational corporations and the largest local companies, as well as with government officials and representatives of international organizations. Prior to this, he worked in the U.S. financial industry, specializing in futures and futures options' contracts in the regulated commodity markets. Mr. Danicic will enroll in the one-year Mason Fellows/Mid-Career Master's in Public Administration program.



Damir Tokic - Bosnia and Herzegovina

Damir Tokic graduated with a B.A. in Political Science and minor in Communication from St. John's University - Minnesota. Prior to beginning his studies at KSG, Mr. Tokic completed a training

program at the Directorate for European Integration, Council of Ministers of Bosnia and Herzegovina and an internship at the Washington, D.C.-based public advocacy firm David Turch and Associates. He also worked as a TV game show host at Federal Radio and Television in Sarajevo and acted as a project manager within the Peace Trails Program (Bosnia and Herzegovina), during which he founded and directed the first post-war paragliding school in his country. Mr. Tokic will enroll in the two-year Master's in Public Policy program.



Kyriakos Pierrakakis - Greece

Kyriakos Pierrakakis is a native of Athens, Greece. After graduating from Lycee Leonin High School in Athens, Mr. Pierrakakis enrolled at the Athens University of Economics and Business, from which he graduated in 2005 with a B.Sc. in

Informatics (honors). He has been actively involved in the Greek political sector, especially during the Greek national election campaign of 2004, at the campaign headquarters of the party leader Mr. George Papandreou. Mr. Pierrakakis is currently enrolled as a full time student at the two-year Master's in Public Policy program at KSG, specializing in International Security and Political Economy.

International Scholarship Program at AIT

The Kokkalis Foundation works toward the development of human capital by awarding scholarships to individuals with outstanding intellectual achievement for study at the Athens Information Technology center of research and graduate education (AIT).

Athens Information Technology (AIT) is an internationally-renowned education and research center in the fields of information technology, telecommunications, and business management, founded in 2002 by the INTRACOM Group. In creating AIT, INTRACOM's purpose was to build on the track record of excellence set by Greek scientists and engineers both in Greece and abroad, and to enable Greece to play a significant future role in these fields. AIT's mission is:

- To be the leading center for research and education in the areas of software engineering, telecommunications /networking, embedded systems and electronics;
- To foster the development of top level competitive information and communications' technology professionals capable of creating technological breakthroughs.

To support its education efforts, AIT signed a collaborative agreement with Carnegie Mellon University (CMU) and the Information Networking Institute (INI) of Carnegie Mellon to operate a joint Carnegie Mellon-AIT Master of Science in Information Networking (MSIN) program. This program is based on the curriculum of the current MSIN Program offered by CMU/INI and is offered in Europe exclusively by AIT. For more information on the Kokkalis Foundation's scholarship program for studies at AIT, please visit http://www.ait.edu.gr

Queen Rania Scholarship Program

AT ATHENS INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (AIT)

Athens Information Technology (AIT), a sister organization of the Kokkalis Foundation, is proud to announce the Queen Rania Scholarship Program for Jordanian students of high merit. The scholarship program includes:

- Two full tuition scholarships for each of AIT's Master's Programs: Master in Information Networking (jointly offered with Carnegie Mellon University); Master in Information and Telecommunication Technologies; Master in Management of Business, Innovation and Technology.
- Four full tuition scholarships for Executive Training programs in Leadership and Innovation that are conducted in Athens twice annually at AIT in cooperation with the Kokkalis Foundation and the Kennedy School of Government of Harvard University.
- Four full tuition scholarships for AIT's Summer School on Technology Management and Innovation.

AIT is the leading private, not-for-profit, international technology school in Greece and is also a regional hub, covering Southeastern Europe and the East Mediterranean for Carnegie Mellon University and Harvard University's Kennedy School of Government. Founded in 2002 AIT counts to date over 80 graduates and has a current graduate student body exceeding 170 students from 20 countries. More than 200 young leaders participate at AIT executive training programs every year.

AIT also sponsors specialized executive training courses in collaboration with Harvard University such as "Leadership in an Era of Transition" targeted at Palestinian leaders.

Her Majesty Queen Rania Al-Abdullah of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan inaugurated the Scholarship Program during her visit to Athens on December 21, 2005.

Applications to AIT programs can be submitted online via http://www.ait.edu.gr





New International Partnership in Executive Education

KOKKALIS FOUNDATION, AIT, AND COLLEGE OF EUROPE LAUNCH COOPERATION IN EXECUTIVE TRAINING

A new programme of academic cooperation has been launched by the Kokkalis Foundation in cooperation with the College of Europe and with Athens Information Technology (AIT), aimed at supporting regional development by enhancing senior professionals' knowledge of how information technologies and markets are linked, and providing them with tools to market products, services, and technology strategies.

Signed in July 2006, the agreement foresees the first executive training program to be conducted in the fall of 2007, in Athens, Greece (see page 8 of this newsletter). This program will offer participants the regional knowledge and innovative analytical tools to coordinate IT strategies with business strategies, and will provide instruction on the European Union regulatory framework on competition.

Founded in 1949, the College of Europe was the first and is one of the most reputed institutes of European postgraduate studies, focusing on legal, economic, political, international relations and interdisciplinary domains of European studies while also providing a range of training courses targeted at executives and public sector officials. Its unique programmes prepare individuals to work and live in an international environment.

Founded in 2002, Athens Information Technology (AIT) is a center of excellence for research and graduate education in the converging fields of information technology, telecommunications, and business management.

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Leader of Top European Business School

DISCUSSES THE BOLOGNA PROCESS AND THE FUTURE OF MANAGEMENT EDUCATION

"The Bologna process will create a much more efficient and competitive European university market," argued the dean of Instituto de Empresa, the leading Spanish business school top-ranked by the Financial Times and the Economist Intelligence Unit, at a lecture event organized by the Kokkalis Foundation on October 12, 2006, in Athens.

To be completed by 2010, the Bologna process will transform the EU into the "United States of Europe, at least in what refers to higher education", stated Santiago Iñiguez de Onzoño. The current list of signatories of the Bologna Process includes 45 countries, a number much larger than the number of member states and still growing. The harmonization of educational systems among the signing countries will in many cases precede other forms of integration -social, economic and cultural- including future membership in the EU.

The expert comparatively laid out the traditional university model of education and the new model foreseen in the Bologna convention, addressing frequent myths and misperceptions associated with both models. For the leader of Instituto de Empresa the objective of the reform process is that students can choose any university in Europe according to their preferences and personal merits. In turn, the reform will mean that universities will compete to attract the best students and will have to fully exploit their resources to become the reference in their areas of excellence.

According to Dean Santiago Iñiguez the creation of this university market requires the fulfilling of at least two requirements, which to date have not been developed in discussions by the Bologna stakeholders: the creation of a transparent "information market", where students have access to all relevant knowledge about existing offerings, and the development of financial means that guarantee an efficient distribution of resources. e.g., grants and loan schemes.

The lecture concluded with a detailed discussion of the effects of the Bologna reforms on old and new education institutions, in particular the effects on their sources of income, on their geographic markets, on their activities and program curricula, and on their strategic alliances with similar institutions as well as with industry.

The event was attended by a capacity audience of the highest profile, including foreign dignitaries, business leaders, academia, and media representatives from Greece and the region.

Communication sponsors: Naftemporiki, Marketing Week, Flash Radio, PC Magazine.





The Future of the Western Balkans

LECTURE IN ATHENS BY H.E. BORIS TADIC

Serbian President Boris Tadic addressed geopolitical developments and the future of the Western Balkans at a lecture organized on January 31, 2006 by the Kokkalis Foundation. Tadic stressed the importance of integration of Serbia and the region into Euroatlantic institutions and called for the active support of Greek political leadership towards that end stating that, as the regional leader, Greece has the interest as well as the responsibility to take a protagonist role in the European integration of the region. As the stronghold of the Balkan region, Serbian political and economic stability is also in the strategic interest of the European Union and Russia. Tadic added.

The Serbian president reiterated the importance of infrastructural development for economic stability in the region and expressed his country's interest in deepening economic ties with Greece. Underlying the significance of reconciliation and accountability following ethnic conflict in the 1990s, the Serbian president stated that accountability for war crimes is individual rather than political, and that the Serbian government is determined to fully collaborate with the Hague tribunal.

Addressing the Kosovo issue, Tadic emphasized the importance of the democratic process in finding a solution, which can only result, the Serbian president added, from dialogue between all parties and from the acceptance of mutual concessions.

The event was attended by an audience of over 400 guests of the highest distinction, including representatives from the Greek government and opposition, business leaders, foreign dignitaries, academia, and representatives from written and broadcast media, from Greece and the region.

WORLD BANK DIRECTOR FOR SE EUROPE LECTURES IN ATHENS

Economic development and integration in the Western Balkans was the subject of a lecture organized on December 9th, 2005 by the Kokkalis Foundation, featuring the World Bank Director and Regional Coordinator for Southeast Europe Dr. Orsalia Kalantzopoulos.

The World Bank Director addressed the progress of economic reform in the Western Balkan region, exploring areas of improved performance and areas of continued or new, policy underperformance.

"The region's reconstruction effort is mostly complete" and there has been an impressive progress toward macro-stabilization, price and trade liberalization, and small enterprises and banking privatization, the regional director described. On the other hand, Dr. Kalantzopoulos noted that important challenges are still outstanding for the region, including deepening trade integration, improving the flexibility of labor markets, combating corruption, and public sector reform.

The event was attended by an audience of the highest distinction, including the Mayor of the City of Athens, H.E. Dora Bakogianni, representatives from the Greek government and opposition, foreign dignitaries, representatives from written and broadcast media, and representatives from academia from Greece, the Southeast European region, and the United States.





The European Union has become a world player in trade matters and competition

"Today, the European Union is already a power that counts in world affairs in those fields where it has achieved a measure of internal coherence, such as with regard to trade matters, and where it can use its large internal market as a leverage," argued College of Europe Dean Paul Demaret in Athens.

Addressing an audience of government representatives, members of parliament, and academics on the role of the EU in the world, the dean stated that the external dimension of the European integration process has been accepted by the member states only slowly and gradually, despite the fact that, from its beginning, the European integration process had important external implications.

If we consider the field of foreign relations, Dr. Demaret argued, the European Union has certainly not achieved the status of a world power in the traditional sense because it does not have the political cohesion to play such a role nor does it possess the tools to do so. According to the dean of the College of Europe, a larger role in world affairs would require a unified European representation at major international organizations, such as the IMF and the World Bank.

Even though the European Union is not a world power in the usual political sense, the role it plays in the world is of considerable significance, stressed Dr. Demaret. It brings stability and contributes to the promotion of the rule of law in Europe and around Europe. Nevertheless, the dean went on to add, the continuous widening of the European Union puts strain on its institutional structure, reduces its chance of ever becoming a cohesive entity on the world stage and raises the question of its ultimate borders and of its true nature.

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Coffee and the Conquest of the Night in the Early Modern Era

FROM YEMEN TO ISTANBUL TO LONDON

Harvard University professor of Turkish studies Cemal Kafadar elaborated on the origins, development, and westward expansion of Ottoman coffee houses at a lecture organized by the Kokkalis Foundation on June 21, 2006, at the University Club of the University of Athens. The lecture was well attended by an audience of academics, students, foreign dignitaries, and media representatives.

Cemal Kafadar engaged the audience with his incursion into the history of coffee, which illustrated how, since their first historical record in 1554, coffee houses developed hand-in-hand with a secular tradition of public space for the discussion of politics and current affairs in Istanbul.

While the history of coffee as a commodity originates in the Arabian Peninsula, there is no historic record of a coffee culture there, Kafadar argued. It was in the hands of two Syrian entrepreneurs, who initiated the commercialization of coffee and introduced it to Istanbul Veziris, that coffee houses were to emerge and to become a public institution. This coffee culture then gradually spread into Europe and its importance is still felt today and is still unfolding.

As secular public spaces initially frequented by the Ottoman elite, coffee houses emerged along with the urban bourgeoisie, and their multiplication throughout Istanbul soon allowed for social differentiation along class lines, Kafadar stated. The Harvard historian developed several of the important effects of the new coffee houses: they readjusted the human use of night time for social activity instead of for repose or idleness; they triggered the development of complementary industries, such as candle production (the forerunner of street lighting); and they reshuffled the life balance between labor and leisure. After they flourished in Venice and London, Kafadar added, coffee houses were also used as auction houses and even as high-level meeting venues where great European business enterprises were born.

Kafadar's research provides a counterargument to Habermas's theory on the transformation of public space and the role of the salon culture in Western history. While in Habermas's inquiry into the early roots of coffee houses, these are not seen as a significant public institution underlying the development of political life, in Kafadar's view the role of coffee houses in social and economic history is of the utmost importance. In fact, Cemal Kafadar averred, the history of coffee houses is much more important than the history of coffee as a commodity. Coffee houses made a difference in an ongoing modernization process because, in Kafadar's own words, they represent "the democratization of conspicuous hospitality."

In relation to the intellectual debates of the 60's and 70's on the various aspects of Ottoman socialism, Cemal Kafadar's work has been praised worldwide for offering an innovative and revisionist reading of Ottoman history and our region's past that runs counter to the stereotypes of nationalist and Orientalist historiography. Kafadar's work has offered us a discursive arena to deal with various tools and technologies of hostility, oppression, and power.

MACEDONIA (1904-1908), OCCUPATION AND CIVIL WAR (1941-1949), CYPRUS (1955-1959; 1963-1974)

"War and Identities" was the subject of a research conference organized by Yale University's Program of Hellenic Studies (with the support of the Niarchos Foundation) and the Hellenic Observatory of the London School of Economics, in collaboration with the Kokkalis Foundation, the Network for the Study of Civil Wars and the Gennadius Library. The conference was held at the Cotsen Hall of Gennadius Library in Athens on May 26 and 27, 2006.

The conference was the first research meeting where three crucia moments in Hellenic modern history were analyzed in a comparative perspective, three periods of armed conflict in a situation of irregular war: Macedonia, Occupation and Civil Wa and Cyprus. It examined the use and consequences of armed conflict from a political, historical and sociological perspective and addressed issues concerning the creation and development of identities during the three periods, drawing comparisons between these periods as well as comparisons with other similar conflicts internationally

The meeting was well attended by distinguished academics and researchers from the Academy of Athens, the University of Athens, the Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, the University of Macedonia, the University of Western Macedonia, the University of Cyprus, ELIAMEP, the London School of Economics, London University, Tufts University, and Yale University.



Leadership in Perilous Times

ANDREAS PAPANDREOU AND THE 1967 MILITARY JUNTA

Addressing an audience of academics, journalists, foreign dignitaries, and other distinguished guests at an event organized by the Kokkalis Foundation on September 28, 2005 in Athens, renowned writer and current Princeton research fellow Spyros



Draenos explored the various interpretations surrounding the political leadership of former Greek Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou in the 1960's.

Currently writing an English-language biography of the leader, Draenos analyzed the impact of Andreas Papandreou's leadership strategies in the context of the profound shifts in the political orientation of the Greek public prior to the 1967 military coup.

In periods of breakthrough political change, as when Greece experienced an epochal shift from the right to the center in the 1964 elections, leadership as much as systemic factors and circumstance is an important variable for understanding processes of political change.

US Politics in the Post-Bush Era:

FORMER WHITE HOUSE AIDE LECTURES ON THE CLINTON LEGACY AND THE COMEBACK OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY

Democratic National Committee member and senior policy advisor Dr. Elaine Kamarck addressed the Clinton legacy and how it affects the future prospects of the Democratic Party in the coming US presidential race, at a lecture event organized today in Athens by the Kokkalis Foundation.

In the 1980s, Elaine Kamarck was one of the founders of the New Democrat movement, which helped elect Bill Clinton president. She served in the White House from 1993 to 1997, where she created and managed the Clinton Administration's National Performance Review, also known as "reinventing government."

"One of Clinton's main political accomplishments was to improve the image of Democrats as able managers of the economy and to reduce Americans' hostility toward government", Kamarck argued. "By contrast," the expert

went on to add, "Clinton's legacy on national security as well as on values issues is one of lost opportunities for Democrats, which cost them a drop in support from two vital groups: women and Catholics."

For Kamarck, the outcome of the coming presidential race will depend on the Democrats' stand on two main arenas: national security and cultural issues, which for many voters are seen through the prism of candidates' individual character and family life. "In the post 9/11 world downplaying national security and changing the subject to domestic issues such as health care, education, and job security, is not an option," Kamarck stated. Democrats, the advisor added, "must unite the left and moderate wings of the party behind a coherent foreign policy that is based on a belief in America's special role in the world, including a military role." Further, given the increasing role that religious faith, rather than religious denomination, and the traditionalism vs. modernism cleavage play in party realignment and electoral behavior, Democratic candidates have to establish a bond of trust with the electorate that is based as much on character and integrity as on policy agendas.



The Implications of the Internet

THE "GRANDFATHER OF THE INTERNET" LECTURES IN ATHENS

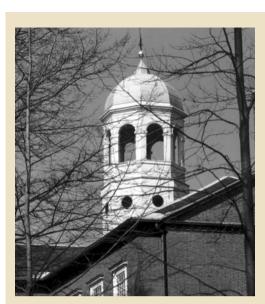
David Farber, dubbed "the grandfather of the Internet", addressed the technical, policy and societal implications of the Internet at a lecture event organized in Athens on September 18, 2006 by the Kokkalis Foundation and Athens Information Technology (AIT).

Prof. Farber is the Distinguished Career
Professor of Computer Science and Public Policy
at the School of Computer Science of Carnegie
Mellon University. He has formerly served as
Chief Technologist at the US Federal
Communications Commission and as US
Presidential Advisor, and in 1996 was awarded
the John Scott Award for Contributions to
Humanity.

With a 45-year career in networking starting at Bell Labs and then at Carnegie Mellon, David Farber offered his expertise and his personal perspective on the positive as well as on the less positive effects that networking has had on the world and on citizens.

Referring to the currently ongoing debate regarding network neutrality, David Farber expressed reservations about government regulation arguing that it could stifle web advances and could lead to unintended restrictions on the use of the Internet. Farber went on to argue that there are plenty of mechanisms to protect against abuse by broadband providers and that whatever legislation is introduced ought to be clear and unambiguous so as to avoid unintended consequences. With regards to the politics of the debate on net neutrality Farber added that so far the debate follows political party lines with most Democrats favoring net neutrality and most Republicans opposing it.

Finally, in response to questions from the audience on the future of internet networks, Farber stated that today there is technology in place to allow for virtual communities and that networking can play a significant role in promoting education and in bridging the gap between internet users and outsiders. "What is still missing", Farber added, "is political will." Communication sponsors: Flash Radio and PC Magazine.



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Harvard Executive Training

21st Century Governance is a four-day Kennedy School of Government executive training program focusing on negotiation, innovation, and strategic planning and management. To be held from January 23 to January 26, 2007 at the state-of-the-art facilities of Athens Information Technology (AIT) in Greece, the program is designed to offer participants analytical, management and problem-solving tools, which are critical for advancing important individual and organizational goals and which are vital for generating, managing and leveraging innovation in an era of growing global complexity.

This program is intended exclusively for senior public sector officials and their non-profit counterparts who have significant input and a key role in the strategy and functioning of their organizations. Applicants should have a minimum of 10 years of professional experience and a demonstrated commitment to public service.

The deadline for applying to the 21st Century Governance program is December 15, 2006. To apply, complete the online application http://www.ksg.harvard.edu/scholarship_form/eeapp.html. For more information, see http://www.ait.edu.gr

21st Century Governance is an initiative of the John F. Kennedy School of Government's Kokkalis Program on Southeastern and East-Central Europe, the Kokkalis Foundation and Athens Information Technology (AIT). This Harvard Executive Training program is held once a year in Athens, Greece.

College of Europe Executive Training

Regional Development in the New ICT Environment is a four-day executive program that helps individuals and organizations meet their development needs by enhancing professionals' knowledge of how information technologies and markets are linked, and providing them with tools to market products, services, and technology strategies. The program seeks to offer participants the regional knowledge and innovative analytical tools to coordinate IT strategies



with business strategies, and to provide instruction on the European Union regulatory framework and policies on competition.

The program will be held for the first time from October 1 to October 5, 2007 at the state-of-the-art

facilities of Athens Information Technology (AIT) in Greece. The deadline for the submission of applications is June 30, 2007. For the application form and application guidelines, see http://www.coleurope.be

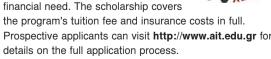
The executive training program is an initiative of the College of Europe, the Kokkalis Foundation and Athens Information Technology (AIT).

The Kokkalis Foundation International Scholarship Program at AIT 2007-2008

Eligible to apply to the Kokkalis Foundation international scholarship program at Athens Information Technology (AIT) are natives of Bulgaria, Lebanon, Serbia and Montenegro, and Spain, who are applying to one of the following degree programs at Athens Information Technology (AIT): MSc in Information Networking (MSIN); MSc in Information and Telecommunications Technologies

(MSITT); MSc in Management of Business, Innovation, and Technology (MBIT).

Candidates must hold an undergraduate degree recognized by their native state, an established record of academic achievement, and demonstrated





Olympia Summer Seminars 2007

Based on the success of last summer's seminars, the sixth annual Olympia Summer Seminars will take place from July 1 to July 15, 2007 in Ancient Olympia, Greece.

The seminars aim to facilitate an interdisciplinary and comparative approach to the study of current political and historical events by bringing together eminent scholars and highly qualified students and professionals from around the world. Set against the backdrop of the birthplace of the Olympic Games and the beautiful and historically-rich Peloponnesian region of Greece, the Olympia Seminars provide a unique opportunity for critical thinking and intellectual interaction in a relaxed environment. The summer seminars have become well established internationally and have been embraced by local authorities as a unique educational initiative of the highest quality, an initiative that reiterates Greece's protagonist role in Southeastern Europe and in the East Mediterranean region.

Last year, from a total of over 200 applications the seminars gathered 40 students, researchers and journalists, from the following countries: Belgium (1), Bulgaria (2), Canada (2), Colombia (1), Croatia (1), Cyprus (1), Ghana (1), Greece (11), Italy (1), Kyrgyzstan (3), Lebanon (1), Poland (2), Romania (2), Serbia & Montenegro (5), Tajikistan (1) Turkey (2), Ukraine (1) and USA (2).

For the summer of 2007, the seminars include 2 programs:

WAR, CONFLICT & IDENTITY - JULY 1 TO JULY 15, 2007

Organized in collaboration with Yale University's Program on Order, Conflict, and Violence and directed by Stathis N. Kalyvas, Arnold Wolfers Professor of Political Science and Director, Program on Order, Conflict, and Violence, Yale University.

THE CHALLENGES OF INTERNATIONAL MEDIA TECHNOLOGY AND POLICY - JULY 5 TO JULY 10, 2007

Organized in collaboration with Duke University's DeWitt Wallace Center for Communications and Journalism and directed by Ellen Mickiewicz, Director of the Dewitt Wallace Center for Communications and Journalism, Duke University.

The seminars will also include various extra-curricular activities as well as excursions to archaeological sites and museums. The deadline for submission of applications is April 30, 2007. Applications and application guidelines will be available online from February 1, 2007 on the website of the Kokkalis Foundation at http://www.kokkalisfoundation.gr

Kokkalis Fellowship at Harvard 2007-2008

Applications are now available for the 2007-2008 Kokkalis Program Fellowship. Eligible to apply are natives of Albania, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Greece, Hungary, the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Moldova, the Republic of Montenegro, Romania, Serbia, and Turkey who are applying to one of the following degree programs at the John F. Kennedy School of Government: Master in Public Policy (MPP); Master in Public Administration (MPA2); Mid-Career Master in Public Administration in International Development (MPA/ID).

The deadline for submission is January 5, 2007. For more details and information on how to apply for a Kokkalis fellowship, please visit http://www.ksg.harvard.edu/kokkalis/fellowships.html.

For information on how to apply to the Kennedy School of Government please visit http://www.ksg.harvard.edu/apply.

9th Annual Kokkalis Graduate Student Workshop

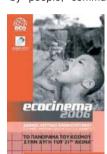
The Kokkalis Program on Southeastern and East-Central Europe, John F. Kennedy School of Government, and the Southeastern Europe Study Group, Minda de Gunzburg Center for European Studies, Harvard University, will hold the ninth Kokkalis Graduate Student Workshop on February 2, 2007. Doctoral students are invited to submit proposals for papers to be delivered at the workshop. Proposals should be a maximum of 500 words and should fall into one of the following thematic units: I. Secularism. Fundamentalism and Pluralism in Southeast Europe: II. Nontraditional Security Threats in Southeast Europe; III. Innovative Governance and Entrepreneurship in Southeast Europe. The deadline for the submission of papers is November 27, 2006.

For more information please visit http://www.ksg.harvard.edu/kokkalis

Ecocinema Film Festival 2006

SUPPORTED BY THE KOKKALIS FOUNDATION

The Kokkalis Foundation was one of the sponsors of this year's ECOCINEMA International Film Festival, held in Athens on May 11-17, 2006. The festival featured a selection of recent productions portraying the state of the world and vital issues of concern to mankind in the early 21st century -the environment, globalization, societies in crisis, war - but also describing the solutions found by people, communities, and movements



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across the globe. The films featured at the festival competed for a money prize, which was won by Nikolaus Geyrhalter's "Our Daily Bread" (Austria 2005), a science fiction film which addresses the issue of food security.

For more information about the festival

please visit http://www.ecocinema.gr

Book awarded the Bratianu prize of the Romanian Academy

PUBLICATION SUPPORTED BY THE KOKKALIS FOUNDATION

The Kokkalis Foundation was the proud sponsor of "Under the Emblem of the Eagle: Byzantine Studies in Romania until 1918," (Bucharest: Omonia Publishing 2005), a book written by Byzantine historian Leonidas Rados. The Kokkalis Foundation is pleased to report that the title was awarded the George Bratianu prize of the Romanian Academy in September 2007. The book is a historiography of the disciplines of Byzantine history and post-Byzantine Hellenism in the Romanian intellectual space, from its first expressions (end of the 17th century) until 1918. The book has been acclaimed by critics as a study of the highest research value and a true prémiere in Romanian historiography.



A Romanian citizen of Greek origin, Leonidas Rados is a researcher at the Institute of History of the Alexandru Ioan Cuzza University of Iasi in Romania. He is a renowned expert on Hellenism in Southeast Europe and has published extensively on Hellenic-Romanian relations.



The Kokkalis Foundation to Sponsor 13-year Old Math Wiz

Promethea Pythaitha is a child prodigy who at the age of 13 won an almost perfect grade and a degree in mathematics from Montana State University. Now aged 15, the teenage university student will be funded by the Kokkalis Foundation to pursue another degree in robotics nanotechnology.

Martha Graham School of Contemporary Dance

SPONSORED BY THE KOKKALIS FOUNDATION

The Kokkalis Foundation has sponsored New York's Martha Graham School of Contemporary Dance's efforts to strengthen the next generation of Martha Graham dancers and the acclaimed work of Martha Graham School in the public schools. The Martha Graham School of Contemporary Dance has the distinction of being the longest continuously operating school of dance in America. Martha Graham students and dancers represent a broad range of cultures and backgrounds, and they take this unique



, and they take this unique American art form around the world to teach and perform.

Agia Sophia Children's Hospital SUPPORTED BY THE KOKKALIS FOUNDATION

The Kokkalis Foundation was a proud sponsor of the 150-year celebrations of the Agia Sophia Children's Hospital of Athens, Greece. The receipts from the celebrations will revert to the research department of the hospital toward furthering pediatric research in Greece.



UNESCO Center for Women and Peace in the Balkan Countries SPONSORED BY THE KOKKALIS FOUNDATION

On the occasion of UNESCO's 60th anniversary, the Kokkalis Foundation sponsored the third festival "Woman Creators of the Two Seas: the Mediterranean and the Black Sea," organized by the UNESCO Center for Women and Peace in the Balkan Countries. Held in Thessaloniki on August 28 - September 4, 2006, the festival gathered

women artists from 30 countries of the region that shared their diverse and rich artistic creations and engaged in intercultural dialogue.



The Chairman of the Kokkalis Foundation at the World Economic Forum



Kokkalis Foundation Chairman Mr. Socrates Kokkalis was the only Greek businessman who participated as a speaker at the regional World Economic Forum, held in Istanbul from November 23-24, 2006.

As Chairman & CEO of INTRACOM HOLDINGS and Chairman of the INTRALOT Group, Mr. Socrates Kokkalis addressed the trends and future prospects of foreign direct investment in Turkey. Mr. Kokkalis identified political stability, the business environment, and the procedures of privatizations as the key

factors that are responsible for the upward FDI trend observed in Turkey since 2001.

Drawing from the example of the joint venture of TURKCELL and INTELTEK, a company of the INTRALOT Group, Mr. Socrates Kokkalis argued that the potential for trade and investment between Greece and Turkey is very large due to their geographic proximity, and that prospects for economic cooperation between the two countries have improved significantly. INTRACOM is a member of the World Economic Forum since 2003.

For the Young to Learn and the Old to Remember

THE VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE KOKKALIS FOUNDATION INAUGURATES THE MUSEUM OF OLYMPIACOS C.F.P.

Kokkalis Foundation Vice-President Mr. Petros Kokkalis inaugurated the Museum of Olympiacos C.F.P., which symbolically opened its doors on May 14, 2006, the day that Olympiacos conquered once again one of its many doubles in the Greek Football Competition: the National Cup and the National Championship.

Olympiacos C.F.P. is the largest multi-athletic organization in Greece and one of the largest in the world, counting over 3,800 athletes and several Olympic winners and world champions. The museum aims to educate, entertain, and inspire its visitors, as well as to preserve the richness of the Club and of Hellenic athletic history for the next generations. Harbored at the state-of-the-art George Karaiskakis stadium at the Port of Athens in Pireas, the museum is home to a vast permanent exhibition, has capacity for hosting temporary exhibitions, and offers several additional facilities, such as an amphitheater and a library.

In partnership with the Club and Society of Olympiacos, the Museum offers educational programs, stadium and museum tours, lectures, seminars, audiovisual projections on sports



themes, and also runs a Publications and Research program. Since its opening, the museum has already received over 14,000 visitors.

Inspired by the spirit of Olympic Truce, the museum constitutes a means to fight violence in sports through education, and represents a vital and unprecedented step toward upgrading the cultural dimension of football and sports, in Greece and worldwide.

Publications NEW TITLES

THE CHALLENGE OF SOCIAL
POLICY REFORM IN THE XXI
CENTURY: TOWARDS
INTEGRATED SYSTEMS OF
SOCIAL PROTECTION

Carlos, Monica P., Ed. *Athens: Sideris Publishing, 2007.*

Ο ΡΟΛΟΣ ΚΑΙ Η ΘΕΣΗ ΤΗΣ ΤΟΥΡΚΙΑΣ ΣΤΟΝ ΚΟΣΜΟ: ΣΥΓΧΡΟΝΗ ΠΡΑΓΜΑΤΙΚΟΤΗΤΑ ΚΑΙ ΜΕΛΛΟΝΤΙΚΕΣ ΠΡΟΚΛΗΣΕΙΣ

[The Future of Turkish Foreign Policy]

Keridis, Dimitris and Lenore G. Martin, Eds., *Athens: Sideris Publishing. 2006.*

All publications of the Kokkalis Foundation are available for purchase at Sideris Publishing House, Solonos 116 GR-106 81 Athens, Tel. +30 210 3833434, Fax +30 210 3832294, e-mail: isideris@hol.gr, http://www.isideris.gr

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